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Subtleties of Quantum Decoherence in Solids: We have studied the Shubnikov-de Haas (SdH) oscillations in ultra-high-mobility Si MOSFETs over a wide range of carrier densities $n = (1-50) \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-2}$, which includes the vicinity of the apparent metal-insulator transition in two dimensions (2D MIT). Using a novel technique of measuring the SdH oscillations in superimposed and independently controlled parallel and perpendicular magnetic fields, we determined the spin susceptibility χ^* , the effective mass m^* , and the g^* -factor for mobile electrons. These quantities increase gradually with decreasing density; near the 2D MIT, we observed enhancement of χ^* by a factor of ~ 4.7 . To test the idea of coexistence of the 2D MIT and Stoner instability, we measured the SdH oscillations in weak magnetic fields; the period of oscillations shows that the electron states remain fourfold degenerate down to $n = 0.96 n_c$. These data rule out spontaneous spin and valley polarization at the 2D MIT, though do not exclude such possibility for lower densities $n < 8.34 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-2}$.